Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main

Fill in this information to identify your case:	
United States Bankruptcy Court for the: Northern District of Illinois	
Case number (If known):	Chapter you are filing under: Chapter 7 Chapter 11 Chapter 12
	Chapter 12 Chapter 13

B 101

Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/15

The bankruptcy forms use *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use *you* to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be *yes* if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Part 1:	Identify	Yourself
---------	----------	----------

	About Debtor 1:		About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):	
1.	Your full name			
	Write the name that is on your government-issued picture	Antonio		
	identification (for example, your driver's license or	First name	First name	
	passport).	Middle name	Middle name	
	Bring your picture	Barnes		
	identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Last name	Last name	
		Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	
2.	All other names you	Antonio		
	have used in the last 8	First name	First name	
	years	D.	T IISCHAINE	
	Include your married or	Middle name	Middle name	
	maiden names.	Barnes		
		Last name	Last name	
		First name	First name	
		Middle name	Middle name	
		Last name	Last name	
3.	Only the last 4 digits of	yyy yy 1 0 4 7	VVV VV	
	your Social Security	xxx - xx - <u>1</u> <u>0</u> <u>4</u> <u>7</u>	xxx - xx	
	number or federal	OR	OR	
	Individual Taxpayer Identification number	9 xx - xx	9 xx - xx	
	(ITIN)			

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 2 of 11

Antonio Barnes Debtor 1

Last Name

Case number (if known)_

		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):
4.	Any business names and Employer Identification Numbers (EIN) you have used in the last 8 years Include trade names and doing business as names	□ I have not used any business names or EINs. Vacay on Layaway(used Social Security#) Business name □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	Business name Business name EIN EIN
5.	Where you live		If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:
		3412 West 137th Street Number Street	Number Street
		Robbins IL 60472 City State ZIP Code	City State ZIP Code
		Cook County If your mailing address is different from the one above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to you at this mailing address.	County If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this mailing address.
		Number Street	Number Street
		P.O. Box City State ZIP Code	P.O. Box City State ZIP Code
		State Zii Gode	City Citato Lii Code
6.	Why you are choosing this district to file for bankruptcy	Check one: ✓ Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district. ☐ I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)	Check one: Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district. I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 3 of 11

Debtor 1 Antoni

Antonio Barnes
First Name Middle Name

Last Name

Case number (if known)_

Pa	Tell the Court Ab	out Your B	ankrup	otcy Case			
7.	The chapter of the Bankruptcy Code you are choosing to file under		oter 11 oter 12				
8.	How you will pay the fee	loca your subr with I nee App	Il pay the entire fee when I file my petition. Please check with the clerk's office in your all court for more details about how you may pay. Typically, if you are paying the fee rself, you may pay with cash, cashier's check, or money order. If your attorney is mitting your payment on your behalf, your attorney may pay with a credit card or check a pre-printed address. ed to pay the fee in installments. If you choose this option, sign and attach the dication for Individuals to Pay The Filing Fee in Installments (Official Form 103A). quest that my fee be waived (You may request this option only if you are filing for Chapter 7. aw, a judge may, but is not required to, waive your fee, and may do so only if your income is than 150% of the official poverty line that applies to your family size and you are unable to the fee in installments). If you choose this option, you must fill out the Application to Have the lapter 7 Filing Fee Waived (Official Form 103B) and file it with your petition.				
9.	Have you filed for bankruptcy within the last 8 years?	☑ No ☐ Yes.	District	When	MM / DD / YYYY MM / DD / YYYY	Case number Case number Case number	
10.	Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being filed by a spouse who is not filing this case with you, or by a business partner, or by an affiliate?	☑ No ☐ Yes.	District Debtor	When	MM / DD / YYYY	Relationship to you Case number, if known Relationship to you Case number, if known	
11.	Do you rent your residence?	☑ No. ☐ Yes.	resider No Ye	our landlord obtained an eviction judgr nce? o. Go to line 12.		and do you want to stay in your *Against You (Form 101A) and file it with	

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 4 of 11

Debtor 1 Antonio Barnes Case number (if known)_____

Are you a sole proprietor	☐ No.	Go to Part 4.				
of any full- or part-time business?	Yes	. Name and location of bu	siness			
A sole proprietorship is a		Vacay on Layaway				
ousiness you operate as an ndividual, and is not a		Name of business, if any				
separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or		3412 West 137th S	treet			
LC.		Number Street				
f you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
separate sheet and attach it		Robbins		IL	60472	
o this petition.		City		State	ZIP Code	
			4			
		Check the appropriate be Health Care Busines	•			
		☐ Single Asset Real Es	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2))	
		Stockbroker (as defin	•		9))	
				. ,,		
		☐ Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6)) ☐ None of the above				
		Notice of the above				
Bankruptcy Code and are you a small business debtor? For a definition of small business debtor, see	any of t	these documents do not ex	xist, follow the procedurate 11.	re in 11 U.S.C. §	, , ,	
11 U.S.C. § 101(51D).	☐ No.	the Bankruptcy Code.	: 11, but I am NOT a sn	naii business dei	otor according to the definition in	
	☐ Yes	. I am filing under Chapter Bankruptcy Code.	r 11 and I am a small b	usiness debtor a	ccording to the definition in the	
Report if You Own	or Have	Any Hazardous Prop	erty or Any Propert	ty That Needs	Immediate Attention	
Do you own or have any	7 1 N					
property that poses or is	✓ No	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				
property trial poses or is	□ Yes	. What is the hazard?				
alleged to pose a threat						
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to						
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to public health or safety?						
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any broperty that needs		If immediate attention is	s needed, why is it nee	ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any broperty that needs mmediate attention?		If immediate attention is	s needed, why is it need	ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any broperty that needs		If immediate attention is	s needed, why is it need	ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs mmediate attention? For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building		If immediate attention is Where is the property?		ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs mmediate attention? For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building				ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs mmediate attention? For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building				ded?		
alleged to pose a threat of imminent and dentifiable hazard to bublic health or safety? Or do you own any property that needs mmediate attention? For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building				ded?		

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 5 of 11

Debtor 1 Antonio Barnes

Name Middle Name Last Name

Case number (if known)

Part 5:

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

 Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:		

You must check one:

I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

I am not required to	to	receive	а	briefing	about
credit counseling					

☐ Incapacity. I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me

incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

☐ **Disability.** My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a

briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

About Debtor 2 ((Spouse On	ly in a Joi	nt Case)
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You must check one:

 ☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

□ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days

I am not required to receive a briefing about
credit counseling because of:

Incapacity. I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me

incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

Disability. My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a

briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 6 of 11

<u> Antonio Barnes</u> Debtor 1 Case number (if k Part 6: **Answer These Questions for Reporting Purposes** 16a. Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) 16. What kind of debts do as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose." you have? No. Go to line 16b. Yes. Go to line 17. 16b. Are your debts primarily business debts? Business debts are debts that you incurred to obtain money for a business or investment or through the operation of the business or investment. No. Go to line 16c. Yes. Go to line 17. 16c. State the type of debts you owe that are not consumer debts or business debts. 17. Are you filing under No. I am not filing under Chapter 7. Go to line 18. Chapter 7? Do you estimate that after \Box Yes. I am filing under Chapter 7. Do you estimate that after any exempt property is excluded and administrative expenses are paid that funds will be available to distribute to unsecured creditors? any exempt property is excluded and □ No administrative expenses Yes are paid that funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors? 1-49 25,001-50,000 18. How many creditors do 1,000-5,000 you estimate that you 50-99 50,001-100,000 5,001-10,000 owe? **1**0,001-25,000 ☐ More than 100,000 **1**00-199 200-999 19. How much do you \$0-\$50,000 ■ \$1,000,001-\$10 million ■ \$500,000,001-\$1 billion estimate your assets to ■ \$10,000,001-\$50 million ■ \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$50,001-\$100,000 be worth? \$100,001-\$500,000 ■ \$50,000,001-\$100 million \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion ■ \$500,001-\$1 million ■ \$100,000,001-\$500 million ☐ More than \$50 billion □ \$500,000,001-\$1 billion ■ \$1,000,001-\$10 million 20. How much do you \$0-\$50,000 estimate your liabilities \$50,001-\$100,000 □ \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion □ \$10,000,001-\$50 million to be? □ \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion \$100,001-\$500,000 \$50,000,001-\$100 million ☐ More than \$50 billion □ \$500,001-\$1 million \$100,000,001-\$500 million Part 7: Sign Below I have examined this petition, and I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and For you correct. If I have chosen to file under Chapter 7, I am aware that I may proceed, if eligible, under Chapter 7, 11,12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code. I understand the relief available under each chapter, and I choose to proceed under Chapter 7. If no attorney represents me and I did not pay or agree to pay someone who is not an attorney to help me fill out this document, I have obtained and read the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b). I request relief in accordance with the chapter of title 11, United States Code, specified in this petition. I understand making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Signature of Debtor 2

MM / DD / YYYY

Executed on

Signature of Debtor 1

Executed on

Case 16-12276 Doc 1 Filed 04/11/16 Entered 04/11/16 14:56:57 Desc Main Document Page 7 of 11

Debtor 1 Antonio Barne First Name Middle Name		Case number (if known)	The state of the s
For your attorney, if you are represented by one If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page.	to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, of available under each chapter for which the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 34	d in this petition, declare that I have infor 13 of title 11, United States Code, and the person is eligible. I also certify the 2(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4) formation in the schedules filed with the	d have explained the relief at I have delivered to the debtor(s) (D) applies, certify that I have no
	Martin J. O'Hearn Printed name Law Offices of Martin J. O' Firm name 10047 South Western Ave Number Street		
	Chicago City	IL State	60643 ZIP Code
	Contact phone <u>(773) 238-4400</u>	Email address	martinohearnlaw@sbcglobal.net
	6185904 Bar number	IL State	

Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

This notice is for you if:

- You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and
- Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of the Bankruptcy Code:

- Chapter 7 Liquidation
- Chapter 11— Reorganization
- Chapter 12— Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen
- Chapter 13— Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7:	Liquidation
Φ0.45	cu: c
\$245	filing fee
\$75	administrative fee
+ \$15	trustee surcharge
\$335	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their non-exempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law.

Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

- most taxes;
- most student loans;
- domestic support and property settlement obligations;

- most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

- fraud or theft;
- fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;
- intentional injuries that you inflicted; and
- death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form—sometimes called the *Means Test*—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

Chapter 11: Reorganization

\$1,167 filing fee

+ \$550 administrative fee

\$1,717 total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

Read These Important Warnings

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$275	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	¢210	total foo

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

- domestic support obligations,
- most student loans,
- certain taxes,
- debts for fraud or theft,
- debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,
- most criminal fines and restitution obligations,
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,
- certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and
- certain long-term secured debts.

Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to:

<u>http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy_form_s.html#procedure.</u>

Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

- If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.
- All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition* for *Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days **before** you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from:

http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc_approved.html.

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/Bankru

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.